

AMERICAN CONTEST,

The several pamphlets on the Whig and Tory side, from Shipley, Bishop of St. Asaph, to the last publication, inclusive, are printed by and to be had at the shop of JAMES RIVINGTON.

The following remarkable cures sufficiently prove the efficacy of MAREDANT'S Drops, (prepared by Mr. NORTON, Surgeon of Golden-square, near Piccadilly) superior to any medicine hitherto known for curing the leprosy, feury, ulcers, the evil, fistulas, piles, the rheumatism, long continued Inflammation's of the eyes, and every other disorder arising from a foulness in the blood.

Mr. John Ingram, of Codford, St. Mary's, Wilts, cured of a most inveterate feury of twenty years standing; his body was covered all over with blotches and ulcers, which scalded off like the scales of a fish. Witness John Gemmer, of Herechbury.

The son of Thomas Truman, of Kennington, a child of four years' old, cured of the scrophula, or King's Evil. He was so feverily afflicted, that it was proposed in the hospital (as the only means of saving his life) to take off a leg and an arm. Witnesses to the cure, who live at Kennington, Thomas Todd, Francis Curries, Ann Broxton, John Eilly, Ann Bowdry.

Mr. John Foster, at the Rose, at Welling, in Kent, cured of a leprosy, attended with violent rheumatic pains.

Mr. Edward Marquire, of Long-lane, Southwards, cured of a most dreadful pain in the stomach, with lowness of spirits, and a most severe pain in the head.

Mrs. Elizabeth Stringer, at Mrs. Norman's in Charges-freet, Piccadilly, cured of a scorbutic humour, to serve as to deprive her of the use of her limbs. She was also afflicted with the piles, a bilious cholick, and indigestion. For the truth of this enquire at Mr. Gibson's No. 7, or at Mr. Broome's in Charles-freet, Hatton-freet, and at Mr. Taberret's, grocer, in Hatton-freet, and at Mrs. Biard's in Charges-freet.

Mrs. Mary Lute, at Mrs. Field's, in Castle-freet, Leicester-fields, cured of the evil, or Scrophula. Her bones were greatly enlarged, and several pieces separated, and came away. Witnesses, Thomas Field, Castle-freet, and Henry Hyde, butcher, in St. James's market.

Mrs. Mary Bride, No. 78, Snow-hill, near West-Smithfield, cured of an inveterate scorbutic humour in her face; her eyes were so much affected as to render her almost incapable of seeing; she had also the piles.

Mr. Norton having lately discovered that his bottles, bills of direction, together with his hand-writing, have been counterfeited, in order to impose on the public a spurious medicine for his (Maredant's) Drops, he therefore hopes for their health's sake, they be extremely cautious of whom they buy them.

Mr. John Good, Late Surgeon to his Majesty's sloop Ferris, cured of a most dangerous fistula.

☞ Any person full doubtful of the efficacy of these Drops, may (by applying to Mr. Norton, Surgeon, the west side of Golden-square near Piccadilly, London, the author, and proprietor, or to the Printer) be more fully convinced of their good effects, by being referred to many people of good credit, who have been cured of the above-mentioned disorders. They may be taken in any season, without the least inconvenience or hindrance of business. They also perfect digestion, and amazingly create an appetite. None are genuine but what are signed by John Norton, in his own hand-writing.

Beware of counterfeiters.

N.B. The drops are in square bottles; with the following inscription on them, viz. "John Norton, only proprietor and author of Maredant's Drops."

Sold in New-York by J. RIVINGTON and H. GAINÉ. 12s. a bottle.

EXCHANGED at the Concert at Hull's

Tavern on Thursday evening the 23rd of March last past,

A brown CAMBLET CLOAK,

Lined with green baize, but without any particular mark. Whoever has made this mistake, may find his own, buyer inquiring of Mr. Hull, or the Printer.

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A GENTLEMAN capable of teaching

WRITING and ARITHMETIC, may hear of an advantageous situation, by applying to the printer.

5

To be LET, from the first of May next,

A very convenient and well situated dwelling house, with a large back brick building, a yard, and cistern in the frame, standing in little Dook Street, between the old Slip and Coenties market. Any person choosing to hire the same, may apply to Mr. James Wells, within a few doors of the said house, or to Wm. Bayard the owner thereof.

New York, April 3, 1775.

CORNS and WARTS

DAILY cured, and curing, by an incomparable salve; which has afforded wonderful relief to persons deprived of the power of walking. Enquire of the printer, for boxes of one, two, and four shilling each.

WANTED,

A middle-aged woman, that can cook, and do the drudgery of a small family. Enquire of the printer. 3

Last Thursday was hung up by some of the lower class of inhabitants, at New- Brunfwick, an effigy, representing the person of Mr. Rivington, the printer at New York, merely for acting consistent with his profession as a free printer.



To the PUBLIC.

The Printer, having been informed, the number of Bacchanalians at Brunfwick, flushed with the inebriating draughts, not of the juice of the Vine, but of New-England Rum, have lately sacrificed him to the *Idol of Licentiousness*. Left this piece of heroism should not be sufficiently known, he has thought proper to exhibit a Representation of the scene in which he was thus offered up a Victim, that the fame of the exploit may spread from "Pole to Pole." From this publication too, these little, shabby, piddling politicians may know how much their vengeance is retarded; but while he configns these shaming curs (who, he is well informed, were and indeed could be no other, than the very *Dregs of the City*) to the same infamy with the pediculous Committee at *Freehold*; he begs leave to address himself to the respectable Public.

The Printer is bold to affirm, that his press and he desires his enemies to produce an instance to the contrary. He has considered his press in the light of a public office, to which every man has a right to have recourse. But the moment he ventured to publish sentiments which were opposed to the dangerous views and designs of certain demagogues, he found himself held up as an enemy to this country, and the most unwearied pains taken to ruin him. In the country wherein he was born he always heard the LIBERTY OF THE PRESS represented as the great security of freedom, and in that sentiment he has been educated; nor has he reason to think differently now on account of his experience in this country. While his enemies make liberty the professed pretence of their illiberal persecution of him, and the printer thinks that some very recent transactions will convince the people of this city of the difference between been governed by a few famous individuals, and the GOOD OLD LAWS AND CONSTITUTION, under which we have so long been a happy people.

ST. GEORGE and the DRAGON.

The SONS, and the DECENDANTS of the thrice renowned St. GEORGE, will commemorate the anniversary of their glorious Patron, on Monday the 24th inst., at Hull's Tavern. *Vivant Rex et Regina.*

EDWARD AND WILLIAM LAIGHT,

Have for sale at their Store near Burling's slip, A Universal assortment of IRONMONGERY and CUTLERY: Also, window glass, shovels and spades, brass kettles, London pewter, iron hoops, paints, French Indigo, 4d, 6d, 8d, 10d, 12d, 20d, 24d, deck and sheathing nails; Crowley, German, blistered and common steel, clothiers shears, flax hatchels, Newark hollow ware, &c. &c. Which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms for cash.

In the press, and speedily will be published,

REPUBLICAN DISSECTED:

THE

OR THE

ANATOMY

OF AN

AMERICAN WHIG,

IN

ANSWER

TO THE

FARMER REFUTED.

Written by *A. W. FARMER.*

Eloped from my bed and board, without any procuration, Elizabeth Harris, otherwise Younglove. This is to forewarn all persons not to credit her on any account as I will pay no debt of her contracting from the date hereof.

Fort Edward, March 10, 1775.

NEHEMIAH SMITH.

On Tuesday night arrived the Snow Sir William Johnson, Captain Deane: he left London the 5th of March, and the Start-Point on the 18th. By him, and by Capt. Coupar, arrived yesterday morning, we have the following address:

LONDON, March 1.

FISHERY BILL

On Tuesday Mr. Alderman Oliver presented a petition to the Society of Quakers, against the "bill to restrain the trade and commerce of the province of Massachusetts Bay and New-Hampshire, and colonies of Connecticut and Rhode-Island, and Providence plantation, in North America, to Great Britain, Ireland, in the British Islands in the West Indies; and to prohibit such Provinces and colonies from carrying on any fishery on the banks of Newfoundland, or other places therein to be mentioned, under certain conditions, and for a time to be limited; and setting forth, that the petitioners are informed, that in the island of Nantucket, on the coast of New-England, there are about 5000 inhabitants, nine tenths of whom are of the people called Quakers; and that the said island is for the most part barren and sandy not yielding provision for a twentieth part of its inhabitants; and that the inhabitants, almost wholly depend upon the whale fishery for their subsistence, purchasing with the produce of the said occupation, grain and other necessaries from the neighbouring colonies; and that, if the said bill should pass into a law, these people would unavoidably be exposed to all the hardships of famine, as no provisions can be imported from any of the neighbouring colonies, and their trade by which they subsist, will be totally prohibited; and that the said inhabitants, to the best of the petitioners information and belief, are entirely innocent, in respect to the present disturbances in America. Wherefore, in consideration of the miseries impending over so large a part of their brethren, and others their fellow subjects, in that island, and in the neighbourhood, under the like circumstances, the petitioners intreat the house that the said bill may not pass into a law, as thereby a most grievous punishment would be inflicted on the innocent, and a body of men, whose occupation is hazardous, their gains uncertain, and their labours necessary to themselves and their community, would be subjected to inevitable ruin and destruction"

Which petition was referred to the committee of the whole house on that bill.

Three thousand burts of porter are ordered on board the fleet bound to Boston, for the use of the Army which are already there, and who are in a bad state of health for the want of beer, &c.

The 22nd, 40th, 44th, and 45th regiments (which have been for some time talked of to embark next for America) have received orders for immediate Embarkation, which makes the present reinforcement to consist of one regiment of dragoons and seven of infantry.

A great perfonage has insisted that no Colonel, whatever, of any regiment intended for America, or at present there, shall stay from their corps.

Commandore Duff, in the Romney, is to have the Orders are sent to Portsmouth for the men of war defined to sail for Boston, to be ready at Spitchard by the 12th instant, to receive onboard the troops, with the Generals.

It is said that orders were sent from the Admiralty for a clean frigate to hold herself in readiness to sail on the shortest notice, which is to take a Nobleman of abilities over to New-York, in order to improve and confirm the conciliating spirit which has taken place there, by giving the inhabitants the strongest assurances from government of protection, and every other encouragement which they can reasonably desire.

The printer of a New-York paper, on January 30; mentions the King's speech being just arrived, but not time enough to be inserted, but promises it in his next paper. From this it appears that the House of Assembly had resolved on conciliatory measures before they saw it, or any of our parliamentary proceedings on this side of the water.

The committee appointed to take into consideration the American papers, is further adjourned till Friday next.

March 3. Last week a counter petition was delivered to the House of Commons, signed by the alderman, sheriff, principal manufacturers, any inhabitants of the town of Nottingham, expressing their abhorrence at that detestous spirit which hath broken out in America, in open defiance of the legislative authority of this kingdom; and setting forth, that the petitioners, from the present disposition of the Americans, apprehend that the trade of Great Britain with her colonies cannot be permanently secured without a due and proper submission to the laws of the British Parliament; and beseeching the House to take such measures as may appear to them conducive to secure these great ends.

March 7. The expence of the transports to carry the troops to America, will, on the most moderate estimate, amount to 80,000 pounds.

A man of war of 74 guns, two frigates, and two sloops, are fitting out at Woolwich with the utmost dispatch, destined for the American expedition.

For SALE, upon reasonable Terms, An elegant horse, sixteen hand three inches high, or upwards, also a large Canadian mare. For further particulars enquire of the Printer.

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

Stop Thief! Stop Thief!

Broke open, and stole out of the house of the subscriber, on Saturday night the 8th infant, a SILVER WATCH, a China face, a steel chain, a small compass to it, with a very dull face; one New-York bill, of 31-two dollars, and a quantity of small silver, supposed to be near 4l. A certain fraggling man, who was about the house that evening, is suspected to have committed this robbery; he is middle fixed, supposed to be about 30 years of age, much pitted with the small-pox, frait black hair, which hung much about his face; had on a red coloured furtout coat, the binding a little lighter than the cloth, a pair of buckskin breeches, with carved silver shoes and knee buckles, grey ribbed, worsted stockings. Whoever secures said thief, fo that he may be brought to justice, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges paid, by

NEHEMIAH SMITH.

New-Marlborough, April 9, 1775

Mrs. COZANI,

RE-OPENS her boarding-school on Monday the 24th infant, where are taught the English, French, and Italian languages grammatically, also to write and translate one language into the other; geography with a knowledge of history. To draw and paint embroidery, tambour, d-efden, plain work, blond lace, gold and silver card purfes and several other genteel and fashionable works. Ladies are boarded and taught all the above articles at forty pounds per year. A particular attention is paid to the morals and manners of the ladies, to bring them up in the paths of piety, modesty and virtue, as also in every other accomplishment which compleats the gentlewoman. Ladies may have their gowns, waistcoats, shoes, &c. drawn in the neatest taste by Mr. Cozani in Wall-Street.

To the PEOPLE.

GENTLEMEN,

I am a son of liberty; you know who the sons of liberty were, who they are, and who they will be; for if I had not been a son of liberty last winter you would now be Sucking your claws, and our fellow citizens in Boston would all been devoured before this time.

Pray, Gentlemen, I am a son of liberty, and have got into a hobble, about giving bail; therefore you must tell me whether a son of liberty ought to give bail? Now understand me right; for I will revert the question; that be whether bail ought to be given by a son of liberty? Now I am assured you won't understand it right; therefore I will revert it back over again; that is, Whether by the laws of liberty, a son of liberty ought to give bail? Now, Gentlemen, I will fate it all in one question; that is, If there should be a majority or a minority in favour of the question, Whether I am not full at liberty to ask the advice of my friends, who know a great deal more about such things than you do, or your humble servant.

SIMPLETON SAPSKULL.

To the FARMERS.

Foul Meadow Grafs Seed,

A Supply of the above if sent to the Printer.

A PUBLIC CONCERT,

FOR the benefit of a Band of Music, to be held at Mr. Hull's Assembly Room on Thursday the 27th of April, 1775. Tickets to be had at Messrs. Rivington's Zadwits's Hullets and Mr. Hull's at One Dollar each. To Conclude with a Ball.

For LONDON,

The Ship Earl of Dummore, Eff. Lawrence, Commander; Will depart in a few days. For light freight or passage, apply to the Commander on board.



BOSTON, April 20.

Last Tuesday night the grenadiers and light companies belonging to the several regiments in this town, were ferrying in long boats from the bottom of the common over to Phips's farm in Cambridge; from whence they proceeded on their way to Concord, where they arrived early yesterday. The first brigade, commanded by Lord Percy, with two pieces of artillery, set off from here yesterday morning at ten o'clock as a re-enforcement, which with the grenadiers and light companies, made about eighteen hundred men. Upon the people's having notice of this movement on Tuesday night, alarm guns were fired throughout the country, and expresses sent off to the different towns; so that very early yesterday morning large numbers were assembled from all parts of the country. A general battle ensued, which, from what we can learn, was supported with great spirit on both sides, and continued until the King's troops retreated to Charlestown, which was after sunset. Numbers are killed and wounded on both sides. The reports concerning this unhappy affair, and the causes that concurred to bring on an engagement, are so various, that we are not able to collect anything confident or regular, and cannot therefore, with certainty, give our readers any further account of this shocking introduction to all the miseries of a civil war.

His excellency governor Gage has issued writs for calling a general assembly, to be convened at Boston, on Wednesday the thirty-first of May.