

## NEW-YORK

OR,

Connecticut, Hudson's River,

## W E E K L Y



## GAZETTEER;

THE

New-Jersey, and Quebec

## ADVERTISER.

PRINTED at his OPEN and UNINFLUENCED PRESS, fronting HANOVER-SQUARE.

Aflise of BREAD,---- Flour at 10s. per Cent.

A Wheaten Loaf of fineſt Flour to weigh 1 lb.  
13 oz. For 4 Ceppers.

Published the 3d of April, 1775

HIGH-WATER at NEW-YORK, this Week.

Thursday,	25 min. after 1	Monday,	13 min. after 4
Friday,	11 min. after 2	Tuesday,	41 min. after 5
Saturday,	7 min. after 3	Wednesday,	37 min. after 6
Sunday,	59 min. after 3		

Wheat per Buſhel	6s 4d.	Molcovado Sugar	50 to 60s.	Fine Salt,	3s. 6d.	Courſe do.	2s. 6d.
Flour	15s. 6d. to 16S. od.	Single refin'd do.	is. 2d.	Indian Corn per Bu.	3s. to 3s. 6d.		
Brown Bread,	13s. 6d.	Molaffes	2s. 2d.	Bills of Exchange,	168 to 170		
West-India Rum,	3s. 4d.	Beef, per Barrel,	45s. od.	Do. at Philadelphia,	155 to 157 1/2		
New-England do.	2s. 6d.	Pork	60 to 65s.	Do. at Boſton,			

To all perſons intereſted in the tract of land hereinafter mentioned, containing 3000 acres.

WHEREAS Abraham Halbrook, Jacobus Bruyn and Richard Edſall, purſuant to a law of the colony of New-York, did divide a certain tract of land commonly called the Wawayanda patent, in the county of Orange.

AND WHEREAS the ſaid commiſſioners did ſet apart to the perſons holding the undivided rights of the town of Goſſen, (commonly called the Goſſen town rights) a certain tract of land of about three thouſand acres, ſituated in the ſaid patent, on the weſt ſide of the drowned lands, and bounded as follows; beginning at a heap of ſtones in the line of the Jerſey claim, ſix miles from the Minimick mountains; thence ſouth fifty four degrees, weſt fixty four chains, to a white oak tree marked; thence north forty-five degrees and fifteen minutes, weſt four hundred and fifty-four chains, to a traverſe line run along the foot of ſaid mountains; thence along ſaid line north-eaſtly, as it runs to the aforeſaid Jerſey claim; thence ſouth forty-five degrees and fifteen minutes, eaſt four hundred and eighty chains to the place of beginning, containing three thouſand acres of land, as by the proceedings of the ſaid commiſſioners, filed in the ſecretary's office of the ſaid colony, and in the clerk's office of the ſaid county of Orange, will fully appear. We the ſubſcribers being part owners of the ſaid tract of three thouſand acres, and being deſirous of having partition made of the ſame, purſuant to an act of the lieutenant Governor, the Council, and the General Aſſembly of the colony of New-York, entitled "An act for the more effectual collecting his Maſtey's quit-rents, in the colony of New-York, and for partition of lands in order thereto," paſſed the eighth day of January, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-two, and of other certain act of the Governor, the Council, and General Aſſembly of New-York, entitled "An act to continue an act, entitled, an act for the more effectual collecting of his Maſtey's quit-rents in the colony of New-York, and for partition of lands in order thereto; and alſo to continue one other act entitled, "An act to explain part of an act, entitled, an act for the more effectual collecting his Maſtey's quit-rents in the colony of New-York, and for partition of lands in order thereto," paſſed the thirtieth day of December, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-eight.

We do therefore, hereby give Notice, that Joſhua Davis, Eliaſhah Corey, and James Dolſon, all of the Precinct of Goſſen, perſons not intereſted in the ſaid lands, are appointed commiſſioners for the partition of the ſaid lands, and that they, the ſaid commiſſioners will meet on Monday the 15th day of May next, at the houſe of Samuel Gale, in the town of Goſſen, in the ſaid county of Orange, Inn keeper, to proceed to the partition of the ſaid lands, and all perſons intereſted in the ſaid lands, are hereby required to attend on the day and at the place aforeſaid, for the purpoſe aforementioned. AND WHEREAS it may be inconvenient for ſome of the Proprietors to attend at Goſſen, with their title deeds; we the ſubſcribers deſire all ſuch perſons to apply to William Beekman, of the city of New-York, Merchant, or William Wickham, of the ſame city, Attorney at Law, as ſoon as conveniently may be, and acquaint them with the proportions they reſpectfully hold in the ſaid three thouſand acre of land, and produce to all proprietors in and about further deſired that all proprietors in and about Goſſen, would, previous, to the above mentioned meeting, produce their title deeds to Daniel Everitt, Henry Wiſner, or Peter Cowles, in order that their reſpective proportions in the ſaid three thouſand acres may be particularly known.

Given under our hand the ninth day of February, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five.

William Wickham,  
William Beekman

White Plains, in the County of Weſcheſter,

April 11, 1775

On the 28th of March laſt, the following Gentlemen having received letters from the Chairman of the Committee of the city and county of New-York, relative to the appointment of deputies for this county, met at this place, for the purpoſe of deviſing means, to take the ſenſe of the county upon the ſubject, viz.

Col. Lewis Morris,	Theodoſius Bartow, Eſq.
Thomas Hunt,	William Surton, Eſq.
Abraham Legger,	Capt. Joſeph Drake,
James Horton, jun. Eſq.	James Willis
Stephen Ward,	Benjamin Drake,
Abraham Gunion, Eſq.	Moſes Drake:

Who having taken the ſame into conſideration, agreed to ſend the following notification to the principal freeholders in the different towns and diſtricts of the county, viz.

March 28, 1775

A Number of Gentlemen from different diſtricts in the county of Weſcheſter, having this day met at the White Plains, to conſider of the moſt proper method of taking the ſenſe of the Freeholders of the ſaid county, upon the expediency of chooſing deputies to meet the deputies of the other counties, for the purpoſe of electing delegates to repreſent this colony in the general congreſs, to be held at Philadelphia, on the 10 of May next; are of opinion, that the beſt way of proceeding for that purpoſe, will be, to have a general meeting of the Freeholders of the ſaid county. As this county is very extenſive, we take the liberty of recommending the meeting to be held at the White Plains, on Tuesday the 10th day of April next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Court-houſe, and therefore do deſire you to give notice of the ſame to all the Freeholders in your diſtrict, without exception; as thoſe who do not appear and vote on that day, will be preſumed to acquieſce in the ſentiments of the majority of thoſe who vote. We are, etc.

The above notice having been generally given and diſtributed, a very numerous body of freeholders of the county aſſembled at the Court-houſe, at the White Plains, on the day, and choſe Col. Lewis Morris for their Chairman. An inconſiderable number of perſons, (among whom were many tenants, not entitled to a vote) with Iſaac Wilkins, Eſq. and Colonel Phillips at their head, then appeared, and Mr. Wilkins, in their behalf (as he ſaid) declared that they would not join in the buſineſs of the day, or have anything to do with deputies or congreſſes, but that they came there for the ſole purpoſe of proteſting againſt ſuch illegal and unconstitutional proceedings; after which they departed.

The following queſtion was then put to the people by the Chairman, viz.

Whether they would appoint deputies for this county, to meet the deputies of the other counties at New-York, on the 20th of April inſt. for the purpoſe of electing delegates to repreſent this colony in general congreſs, to be held at Philadelphia on the 10th day of May next? To which queſtion they unanimouſly answered that they would. They then appointed the following eight perſons, and majority purpoſe aforeſaid, viz.

Col. Lewis Morris,	John Thomas, jun. Eſq.
Stephen Ward,	Jonathan Platt, Eſq.
Samuel Drake Eſq.	Robert Graham,
Col. James Holmes,	Major Philip Van Cortlandt.

The two following reſolves were then unanimouſly entered into, viz.

Reſolved, That the thanks of this body be given to the virtuous minority of the General Aſſembly of this province, and particularly to John Thomas and Pierre Van Cortlandt, Eſquires, two of our Reſepentatives, for their firm attachment to, and zeal on a late occaſion, for the preſervation of the union of the colonies, and rights and liberties of America; and that this reſolve be communicated by the Chairman to every Gentleman, of whom that minority conſiſted.

Reſolved, that the thanks of this county are due to

the Delegates who compoſed the late Congreſs, for the eſſential ſervices they have rendered to America in general; and that this reſolve be forthwith publiſhed.

After the buſineſs of the day was thus concluded, the people gave three Huzzas for our Gracious Sovereign, and diſburſed quietly, without the leaſt diſorder.

LEWIS MORRIS, Chairman.

### ABRAHAM DELANOY,

Takes this Method to inform his cuſtomers, and the Public in general,

That he has removed from Ferry-Street to a houſe in Horſe and Cart-Street, near the North Church; where he propoſes to continue his buſineſs of pickling oysters and lobsters, and alſo puts up fried oysters ſo as to keep a conſiderable time even in a hot climate. 86

In the Preſs, and Speedily will be publiſhed,

### A R E P L Y

To an ADDRESS,

To the AUTHOR of a

### CANDID EXAMINATION

of the

### MUTUAL CLAIMS

Of Great Britain and the Colonies; Printed by James Rivington, of whom may be had the Candid Examination, &c.

County of Weſcheſter, April 13, 1775.

Mr. RIVINGTON,

Be pleaſed to inſert the following, and you will oblige a number of your Friends and Subſcribers: On Thursday the 10th inſt. a very reſpectable number of freeholders and inhabitants of the county of Weſcheſter, aſſembled at the White Plains in the ſaid county, agreeable to notice given, that their ſentiments might be known concerning the choice of a committee, to meet other committees in the city of New-York, for the purpoſe of chooſing delegates to repreſent this colony in the next Continental Congreſs.

The friends to order and government met at the houſe of Captain Hatfield. Thoſe who were for a committee, put up at another public houſe in the town. About 12 o'clock word was brought to the gentlemen at Captain Hatfield's that the oppoſite party had already entered upon the buſineſs of the day. Upon which they immediately walked down to the Court-houſe, although not half of their friends who were expected, had yet appeared; where they found the other company collected in a body. The numbers on each ſide ſeemed to be nearly equal, and both together might amount to 200, or at moſt to 250.

The friends to government then declared, that as they had been unlawfully called together, and for an unlawful purpoſe, they did not intend to conſent the matter with them by a poll, which would be tacitly acknowledging the authority that had ſummoned them thither; but that they came only with a deſign to PROTEST againſt all ſuch diſorderly proceedings, and to ſhow their deteſtation of all unlawful committees and congreſſes. They then declared their determined reſolution to continue ſteadfaſt in their allegiance to their gracious and merciful Sovereign King George the third-- to ſubmit to lawful authority, and to abide by and ſupport the only true repreſentatives of the people of thiſ colony, the General Aſſembly. Then giving three huzzas, they returned to Captain Hatfield's, ſinging as they went, with a loyal enthufiaſm, the grand and animating ſong of,

God ſave great George our King,  
Long-live our noble King, &c.

At their return, finding that many of their friends had arrived during their abſence, and that many full kept coming in, they proceeded to draw up, and ſign the following declaration, which they ſeemed to do with as much patriotic zeal, as ever warmed the

hearts of true and faithful ſubjects, and afterwards diſperſed to their different habitations:

We the ſubſcribers, freeholders, and inhabitants of the county of Weſcheſter, having aſſembled at the White Plains, in conſequence of certain advertisements, do now declare, that we met here to expreſs our honeſt abhorrence of all unlawful congreſſes and committees, and that we are determined at the hazard of our lives and properties, to ſupport the King and Conſtitution, and that we acknowledge no repreſentatives but the General Aſſembly, to whoſe wiſdom and integrity we ſubmit the guardianship of our rights, liberties and privileges.

(The arrival of the London veſſels, renders it impracticable to inſert the names of ſigners here, and many pieces which we had promiſed.)

The foregoing account is ſtrictly true, as can be approved by the teſtimony (or if neceſſary by the affidavits) of a number of perſons, of the moſt exceſſional characters in this county. What then muſt we think of ſuch perſons as have propagated a report, that the friends of government were upon this occaſion out-numbered 5 to the 1 and that many of the perſons whoſe names were ſubſcribed to the foregoing declaration, were not on that day preſent at the White Plains? They muſt be conſcious to themſelves, that they have ſpread abroad a falſehood, and they are hereby called upon if they dare to ſet their names to thoſe allegations.

In what manner thoſe Gentlemen who choſe the Committee at the Plains proceeded, we cannot poſitively ſay: But this we can declare with truth, that we do not believe they can produce to the public the names of an hundred and fifty perſons who voted for a Committee that day, and we are verily perſuaded they did their utmoſt to make their party as numerous as poſſible. How then can they juſtify their choice of a Committee? Or how can they preſume to impoſe upon the world, and to inſult the loyal county of Weſcheſter, in ſo bare-faced a manner?

It is well-known here, that two-thirds at leaſt of the inhabitants of this county, are friends to order and government, and oppoſed to Committees and all unlawful combinations; and it will be made apparent to the world, that they are ſo, as ſoon as certain reſolves now ſigning freely by the people, ſhall be ready for publication. -- and one principal reaſon why the friends of government did not aſſemble in greater numbers than they did on Tueſday laſt, was, that many of them had already, by ſigning thoſe reſolves, teſtified their loyalty to the King; their attachment to the conſtitution, their enmity to Committees, and their acquieſcence in the prudent meaſures taken by their Aſſembly in the late ſeſſion, for accommodating the unhappy difference between the mother country and the colonies; and conſequently thought they had already done their duty.

The committee that was choſen, may, with ſome kind of propriety, be ſaid to repreſent thoſe particular perſons who choſe them: But how can they be denominated the repreſentatives of the County of Weſcheſter, who in general abhor Committees, and Committee-men; and are determined to take no ſteps that may have the leaſt tendency to lead them into Rebellion, we cannot conceive. Certainly the friends of government who were collected at Captain Hatfield's, had a better right from their number, to determine that there ſhould be no Committee, than the oppoſite party had to appoint one, and might with much greater propriety be ſaid to ſhow the ſenſe of the county, than the few who acted without authority, and in direct oppoſition to government, and to the determinations of our worthy Aſſembly. And we doubt not but that the impartial public will conſider the matter in this light, and not eſteem the act of the few individuals unlawfully aſſembled as the act (which it moſt aſſuredly is not) of the very reſpectable, populous and loyal county of WEſCHESTER.

JUST IMPORTED, AND SOLD BY

JAMES RIVINGTON, A NEW CROP OF  
KEYSER'S PILLS.